

**H-4/12/22**

Roll No. ....

**IV Semester Examination, 2022**

**M.Sc.**

**CHEMISTRY**

Paper IV  
(Spectroscopy)

Time : 3 Hours ]

[ Max. Marks : 80

**Note :** All questions are compulsory. Question Paper comprises of 3 sections. Section **A** is objective type/multiple choice questions with no internal choice. Section **B** is short answer type with internal choice. Section **C** is long answer type with internal choice.

**SECTION A**

**1×8=8**

**(Objective Type/Multiple Choice Questions)**

**Note :** Attempt all the *eight* questions.

*Choose the correct answer :*

1. Spin-spin coupling is not observed when the protons are separated by more than :

- (a) One sigma bond
- (b) Two sigma bond
- (c) Three sigma bond
- (d) Four sigma bond

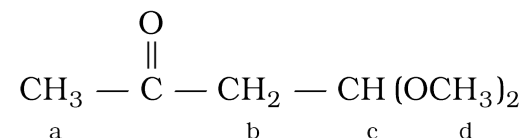
P.T.O.

[ 2 ]

2. The  $^{13}\text{C}$ , NMR spectrum of a compound shows 6 peaks and  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum shows 5 peaks. Which of the following is this compound ?

- (a)  $\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_3$
- (b)  $\text{CH}_3 - \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_3$
- (c)  $\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3) - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2 - \text{CH}_3$
- (d)  $\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3) - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_3$

3. Which of the hydrogens *a*—*d* in the following molecule gives a triplet signal in normal  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum ?



- (a) hydrogen a                      (b) hydrogen c
  - (c) hydrogen b                      (d) hydrogen d
4. How many signals does the aldehyde  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CCH}_2\text{CHO}$  have in  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra ?
- (a) Five  $^1\text{H}$  signals and six  $^{13}\text{C}$  signals
  - (b) Three  $^1\text{H}$  signals and four  $^{13}\text{C}$  signals
  - (c) Five  $^1\text{H}$  signals and four  $^{13}\text{C}$  signals
  - (d) Three  $^1\text{H}$  signals and six  $^{13}\text{C}$  signals

**H-4/12/22**

5. Hyperfine splitting that can be observed with two equivalent protons will be :

- (a) 2 (b) 3  
(c) 5 (d) 6

6. The number of ESR lines for the triphenyl methyl radicals are :

- (a) 156 (b) 106  
(c) 150 (d) 196

7. The peak at  $m/z$  91 in the mass spectrum for alkyl benzene is due to which one of the followings :

- (a) Alpha fission  
(b) Retro Diels-Alder rearrangement  
(c) Mc-Laffartey rearrangement  
(d) Tropylium ion formation

8.  $\text{Fe}^*$  very rapidly drops to the ground state Fe, the energy change  $\Delta E$  involved being  $2.30 \times 10^{-28}$  J per nucleus. The frequency of emitted  $\gamma$ -rays is :

- (a)  $3.1 \times 10^{10}$  Hz (b)  $3.5 \times 10^{18}$  Hz  
(c)  $3.5 \times 10^{16}$  Hz (d)  $3.4 \times 10^{18}$  Hz

## SECTION B

6×4=24

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

**Note :** Attempt all the questions.

**Unit-I**

1. Discuss the contact and pseudo contact shifts with suitable examples.

*Or*

Discuss the Karplus curve for the variation of coupling constant with the dihedral angle.

**Unit-II**

2. Write an explanatory notes on the following :

- (a) COSY technique,  
(b) DEPT technique.

*Or*

What is carbon-13 NMR spectroscopy? Discuss the merits and demerits of  $\text{C}^{13}$  NMR and  $\text{H}^1$  NMR spectroscopy.

**Unit-III**

3. Discuss the biological applications of ESR with examples.

*Or*

Explain symmetry and shapes of  $\text{AB}_2$ ,  $\text{AB}_4$  and  $\text{AB}_5$  types of molecules.

**Unit-IV**

4. Describe the types of ions produced in a mass spectrometer.

Or

Discuss the formation of following Mossbauer nuclides :

- (a)  $^{57}\text{Fe}$                       (b)  $^{119}\text{Sn}$   
(c)  $^{191}\text{Ir}$

**SECTION C****12×4=48****(Long Answer Type Questions)**

**Note :** Attempt all *Four* questions.

**Unit-I**

1. Write down all possible structural formulae of compound having molecular formula  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2$ . Is it possible to identify them on the basis of low or/and high resolution PMR spectra ? Ignore the interaction of Cl atoms with H atom.

Or

- (a) Discuss the spectrum of  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$  in acidic medium and in presence of  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .  
(b) Write a note on contact shift reagents.

**Unit-II**

2. (a) Is spin-spin coupling between  $\text{C}^{13}\text{—C}^{13}$  nuclei observed in C-13 NMR ?  
Discuss some techniques for simplification of C-13 NMR spectra.  
(b) Discuss how C-13 NMR is applicable in the structure determination of carbonyl compound.

Or

Discuss the applications of photoacoustic spectroscopy in the chemical and surface analysis.

**Unit-III**

3. What do you understand by hyperfine splitting and hyperfine splitting constant in ESR ? Explain the hyperfine splitting in  $\text{CH}_3$  radical.

Or

Discuss the following :

- (a) Spin polarization for atoms & transition metal ions.  
(b) Application of resonance spectroscopy for the study of active sites of metalloproteins.

**Unit-IV**

4. Discuss the basic principle of Mössbauer spectroscopy and explain this technique to the study of bonding and structure of  $\text{Sn}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Sn}^{4+}$  compounds.

*Or*

Discuss general fragmentation mode in organic compounds in detail with suitable examples.

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ c ★ ★ ★ ★ ★