

**G-3/387/22**

Roll No. ....

**III Semester Examination, January 2022**

**M.Sc.**

**PHYSICS**

Paper III

(Condensed Matter Physics-I)

Time : 3 Hours ]

[ Max. Marks : 80

**Note :** *All questions are compulsory. Question Paper comprises of 3 Sections. Section A is objective type/multiple choice questions with no internal choice. Section B is short answer type with internal choice. Section C is long answer type with internal choice.*

**SECTION A**

**1×8=8**

**(Objective Type Questions)**

Fill in the blanks :

1. The number of possible types of Brovice lattice in two dimension is .....
2. Unit cell is defined as .....
3. A vacancy is the simplest ..... defect in a crystal.
4. The direct lattice is the ..... of its own reciprocal lattice.

P.T.O.

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5. The velocity of  $\bar{e}$  in periodic potential is .....
6. Formula for Hall coefficient is .....
7. The value of magnetic susceptibility for diamagnetic material is .....
8. The spin of magnon is .....

**SECTION B**

**6×4=24**

**(Short Answer Type Questions)**

**Unit-I**

1. Explain three dimensional Bravice lattice.

*Or*

What are Miller indices ? Draw neat diagram to indicate Miller indices in a simple cubic crystal.

**Unit-II**

2. Explain plastic deformation.

*Or*

Differentiate edge and screw dislocation with suitable diagram.

**Unit-III**

3. What is Hall effect ? Explain it.

*Or*

Classify the materials on the basis of band theory.

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**Unit-IV**

4. Discuss Weiss theory of ferromagnetism.

Or

State and prove Curie Weiss law.

**SECTION C**

12×4=48

(Long Answer Type Questions)

**Unit-I**

1. Describe the face centered cubic and hexagonal close packed structure. Prove that the close packing of atoms in the hcp structure demands

on axial ratio  $\frac{c}{a} = \sqrt{\frac{8}{3}}$ .

Or

Discuss Ewald construction and derive Bragg's diffraction condition in terms of the reciprocal lattice.

**Unit-II**

2. What are colour centers ? How are they produced ?  
What are experimental facts on F-center's and how are they explained ?

Or

Explain Frenkel defects. Show that the number of Frankel defects in equilibrium at a given

temperature is proportional to  $(Nn_i)^{1/2}$ , where N be the number of atoms and  $n_i$  be the interstitial atoms.

**Unit-III**

3. What is Fermi surface ? Explain de Haas Von Alfen effect.

Or

Explain Tight Bonding approximation for calculating band structure.

**Unit-IV**

4. What do you mean by exchange interaction ?  
Find out expression for Heisenberg exchange interaction.

Or

Discuss Langevin theory for paramagnetic gases in detail.

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