Describe the various top and bottom criteria to recognise the geological succession in deformed area.

**2.** Discuss the Geometric classification of fold on the various basis (any three basis).

Or

Explain the mechanics and causes of folding.

**3.** Describe the geometric classification of fault.

### Or

Explain the causes and mechanics of faulting.

4. Define the joints and its significance. Describe the geometric classification of joint.

### Or

Define lineation. Describe the types of lineation and its relation to major structure.

5. What is the concept of Petrofabric analysis ? Describe its types, elements and interpretation.

### Or

Write a note on stereographic projection and describe its use in structural geology.

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# I Semester Examination, April-2021

# M.Sc.

# **GEOLOGY**

# Paper II

## (Structural Geology)

Time: 3 Hours 1

[Maximum Marks: 80

Note: All questions are compulsory. Question Paper comprises of 3 sections. Section A is objective type/Multiple Choice questions with no internal Choice. Section B is short answer type with internal choice. Section *C* is long answer type with internal choice.

## SECTION 'A'

### (Multiple Choice Questions)

*Choose the correct answer :* 

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

- 1. Forces acting on a rock of per unit area and consequence deformation is known as respectively :
  - (a) Strain and stress (b) Stress and tension
  - (c) Stress and compression
  - (d) Stress and strain
- 2. In which unconformity older rocks are of plutonic origin :
  - (a) Angular unconformity
  - (b) Non uncorformity
  - (c) Disconformity
  - (d) Local unconformity
- 3. Which fold has got two hinges :
  - (a) fan fold (b) chevron fold
  - (c) Isoclinal fold (d) Box fold

- **4.** In which type of fold syncline becomes broader and anticlime became sharper with depth :
  - (a) Box fold (b) Parallel fold
  - (c) Similar fold (d) Recumbent fold
- **5.** In whch fault one block appears to have rotated about a point on the fault plane :
  - (a) Arcute fault (b) Bedding fault
  - (c) Enechelon fault (d) Pivot or hinge fault
- **6.** Klippe is a :
  - (a) Nappe outlier (b) Nappe inlier
  - (c) Window (d) Hog back
- 7. How many sets are found in mural joints :
  - (a) One set of joint (b) Two set of joint
  - (c) Three set of joint (d) Four set of joint
- 8. Slaty cleavage is best developed in rocks which are rich in :
  - (a) Chlorite minerals (b) Arcnaceous minerals
  - (c) Micaceous minerals (d) Ferruginous minerals
- **9.** Which can be used in analysis of fold :
  - (a) Beta diagram only
  - (b) Pi diagram only
  - (c) Both beta and pi diagram
  - (d) None of these
- **10.** Pi diagram is stereographic projection of :
  - (a) Planes
- (b) Poles
- (c) Planes and poles (d) None of the above

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## [3]

## SECTION 'B'

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

**Note :** *Answer the following questions in 250 words.* 

**1.** Define stress strain diagram with the explanation of type of deformation.

### Or

Write notes on outlier and inlier.

2. Discuss about effects of folds on out crop of strata.

### Or

How do you recognise folds on field and geological maps.

**3.** What is the difference between fault and unconformity and how do you differentiate in field and geological map ?

#### Or

Discuss Nappe, Klippe and Tectonic windows.

**4.** Discuss the relation of rock cleavage and schistosity to major structure.

#### Or

Describe the types of lineation.

5. Write a note on tectonites.

### Or

Discuss the significance and limitations of pie and beta diagram.

# $SECTION'C' 10 \times 5 = 50$

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note : Answer the following questions in 500 words.

**1.** Describe the different types of unconformity with the help of suitable diagram.

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 $4 \times 5 = 20$