[4]

3. Point out the difference between virus, viroid and Prions. Give the features and diseases mediated by prions.

Or

Write short notes on:

- (a) Morphology and life cycle of M13 phage,
- (b) Various morphological forms of DNA animal viruses.
- 4. Give an illustrative account on genome, life cycle, and disease produced by Herpes virus.

Or

Write short notes on:

- (a) Primary and secondary cell cultures used for cultivation of viruses.
- (b) Propogation of animal viruses through animal inoculation.



G-1/135/21

Roll No.....

# I Semester Examination, April-2021 M.Sc.

#### **MICROBIOLOGY**

#### Paper I

(Bacteriology and Virology)

Time: 3 Hours [Maximum Marks: 80

Note: All questions are compulsory. Question Paper comprises of 3 sections. Section A is objective type/Multiple Choice questions with no internal choice. Section B is short answer type with internal choice. **Section** *C* is long answer type with internal choice.

### SECTION'A' (Objective Type Questions)

*Choose the correct answer:* 

 $8 \times 1 = 8$ 

- 1. The bond between N acetyl glucose amino and N acetyl muramic acid of bacterial peptideglycan is:
  - (a)  $\alpha$  1-4

(b) α 1-6

(c) β 1-4

- (d) β 1-3
- 2. Which of the following flagellar arrangement is present in E. coli?
  - (a) Monotrichous
- (b) Peritrichous
- (c) Lophotrichous
- (d) Amphitrichous
- 3. Loweinstein Iensen medium used for cultivation of *M. tuberculosis* is sterilized by :
  - (a) Autocloving
- (b) Arnold sterilization
- (c) Inspissation
- (d) Hot air oven

- **4.** Bacteria belonging to division graciticutes have which type of cell wall:
  - (a) Gram positive
- (b) Gram negative
- (c) No cell wall
- (d) Archaebacterial
- **5.** What is the genome of Pox virus?
  - (a) SS DNA
- (b) DS DNA
- (c) SS RNA
- (d) DS RNA
- **6.** The name 'Bacteriophage' was coined by :
  - (a) Frosch and Loeffler (b) Dimitri Iwanowski
  - (c) Felix D' Herelle
- (d) Bawden and Pirie
- 7. Yolk sac is the site of inoculation especially for :
  - (a) Herpes virus
- (b) Pox virus

(c) HIV

- (d) Influenza virus
- **8.** Plaque assay method was introduced by :
  - (a) Robert Koch
- (b) Dulbecco
- (c) Max Theiler
- (d) Max Delbruck

#### SECTION'B'

 $6 \times 4 = 24$ 

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

**Note**: *Answer the following questions in 250 words.* 

- **1.** Write short note on any one of the following:
  - (a) Stages of formation of bacterial endospore,
  - (b) Significance of polyphosphate granules in bacteria.
- **2.** Write short notes on any one of the following:
  - (a) Different nutritional types of bacteria,
  - (b) Use of moist heat in controlling bacteria.

- **3.** Write short notes on any one of the following:
  - (a) Morphological features of T3 phage,
  - (b) Enveloped DNA viruses.
- **4.** Write short note on any one of the following:
  - (a) Different layers of embryonated egg,
  - (b) Haemeagglutination method for performing virus assay.

# SECTION 'C' $12 \times 4 = 48$ (Long Answer Type Questions)

**Note**: *Answer the following questions in 500 words.* 

**1.** Give an illustrative account on structural features of cell wall of gram positive, gram negative bacteria, and comment on the antigenic nature of both types of cell walls.

Or

- (a) What are the morphological and cultural characteristics of Actinomycetes? Comment upon their economic importance.
- (b) What are the different arrangements of flagella observed in bacteria? Point out the difference between flagella of gram positive and gram negative bacteria.
- **2.** What is the three domain concept of classification. Give the major characteristics of members belonging to domain Archea

Or

Write short notes on the following:

- (a) Salient features of various phases of a typical bacterial growth curve.
- (b) Methods for preservation of bacteria.