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Roll No.

M.Sc. II Semester Examination, 2021 BOTANY

Paper II

(Molecular Biology)

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: 80

Note: All questions are compulsory. Question Paper comprises of 3 sections. Section A is objective type/multiple choice questions with no internal choice. Section B is short answer type with internal choice. Section C is long answer type with internal choice.

SECTION A

 $1 \times 8 = 8$

(Objective Type Questions)

Choose the correct answer:

- **1.** Which is the form of DNA that contain left handed helical sense and 12 base pair per helical turn?
 - (a) A-DNA
- (b) H-DNA
- (c) B-DNA
- (d) Z-DNA
- **2.** Which of the following enzyme does not participate in DNA replication?
 - (a) DNA polymerase (b) DNA Ligase
 - (c) Topoisomerase (d) DNA methylase P.T.O.

- **3.** Group of distinctly different genes that often occur together in a cluster are called :
 - (a) Single copy genes
 - (b) Multigene families
 - (c) Segmental duplication
 - (d) Tandem Clusters
- **4.** C-Value in genome represents :
 - (a) Genetic disorder
 - (b) Phenotypic variation
 - (c) Amount of DNA present in the genome
 - (d) Qualitative traits.
- **5.** Post translational modification of many eukaryotic proteins begins in the :
 - (a) Endoplasmic reticulum
 - (b) Mitochondria
 - (c) Chloroplast
- (d) Nucleus
- **6.** Which of the following enzymes cleaves lactose to galactose and glucose during Lac-operon :
 - (a) β-galactosidase (Z)
 - (b) Galactoside permease (r)
 - (c) Thiogalactoside transacetylase (A)
 - (d) β-Glucuronidases

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7. When the base cytosine undergoes deamination it becomes:

(a) Uracil

(b) Adenine

(c) Guanine

(d) Phosphorylated

8. 'Xenoderma Pigmentosa' in human is associated with a mutation in :

- (a) Photoreactivation
- (b) Nucleotide excision repair
- (c) Base excision repair
- (d) Mismatch repair

SECTION B

 $6 \times 4 = 24$

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer with word limit 250 words.

Unit-I

1. What is lagging strand template? How lagging strand synthesis occur?

Or

Describe the machanism of nucleotide excision repair machanism in E. coli.

Unit-II

2. Write note on C-Value Paradox.

Or

Write note on Cot curve and its significance.

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P.T.O.

Unit-III

3. Write note on promoter gene and structural gene.

Or

Write note on Introns and their significance.

Unit-IV

4. Write note on Base pair substitution.

Or

Write note on Translocation.

SECTION C

 $12 \times 4 = 48$

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer with word limit 500 words.

Unit-I

1. Describe different events in transcription in E. coli.

Or

What do you mean by base excision repair? How does base pair excision repair occur?

Unit-II

2. Describe the principle and working of flow cytometer and its significance in karyotype analysis.

Or

What are the main components of a flow cytometer? How a flow cytometer works?

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Unit-III

3. Give an account of regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes.

Or

Describe the machanism of Protein targeting to endoplasmic reticulum.

Unit-IV

4. What are insertion sequence and transposones? Describe their general characteristics and the mechanism of their transposition.

Or

Explain the various type and molecular basis of gene mutation.

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